

### Indian and World Geography

1. The Big Inch pipeline transports:
  - a) Milk
  - b) Liquid petroleum gas (LPG)
  - c) Water
  - d) Petroleum
2. The Big Trunk Route runs through:
  - a) The Mediterranean – Indian ocean
  - b) The North Atlantic Ocean
  - c) The South Atlantic Ocean
  - d) The North Pacific Ocean
3. The western coastal strip south of Goa is referred to as:
  - a) Coromandel
  - b) Konkan
  - c) Kannada
  - d) Northern Circar
4. The highest peak in the Eastern Ghats is:
  - a) Anaimudi
  - b) Kangchenjunga
  - c) Mahendragiri
  - d) Khasi
5. Which one of the following is a leguminous crop ?
  - a) Pulses
  - b) Jawar
  - c) Millets
  - d) Sesamum
6. Which one of the following is the most widespread and most productive category of soil in India ?
  - a) Alluvial Soil
  - b) Laterite Soil
  - c) Black Soil
  - d) Forest Soil
7. Which one of the following is the second largest producer of sugar ?
  - a) Maharashtra
  - b) Uttar Pradesh
  - c) Punjab
  - d) Tamil Nadu
8. Which ancient supercontinent does the Indian subcontinent, including Odisha, originate from?
  - a) Pangaea
  - b) Gondwana
  - c) Laurasia
  - d) Rodinia
9. What are the four main natural divisions of Odisha?
  - a) Western Ghats, Central Highlands, Eastern Ghats, Coastal Plains
  - b) Northern Plateau, Southern Plateau, Coastal Plains, Eastern Ghats
  - c) Northern Plateau, Eastern Ghats, Central Tract, Coastal Plains
  - d) Northern Plains, Central Plains, Southern Plains, Coastal Plains
10. What is the approximate elevation of the Eastern Ghats in Odisha?
  - a) 2,500 feet (762 meters)
  - b) 3,000 feet (914 meters)
  - c) 3,600 feet (1,100 meters)
  - d) 4,000 feet (1,219 meters)
11. Which is the highest peak in Odisha?
  - a) Deomali
  - b) Malayagiri
  - c) Meghasani
  - d) Satkosia
12. Tropic of Cancer passes through which city of Odisha?
  - a) Cuttack
  - b) Bhubaneswar
  - c) Puri
  - d) None of the above
13. Arrange the peaks of Odisha from North to South:

- i. Niyamgiri
- ii. Mahendragiri
- iii. Malayagiri
- iv. Deomali

- a) i, ii, iii, iv
- b) iii, iv, ii, i
- c) iii, i, ii, iv
- d) ii, iv, iii, i

14. Which among the following rivers originates in Odisha?

- a) Mahanadi
- b) Subarnarekha
- c) Baitarani
- d) Brahmani

15. Which is the largest coal-based power plant in Odisha?

- a) Talcher Super Thermal Power Station
- b) IB Thermal Power Station
- c) GMR Kamalanga Energy Limited
- d) Jharsuguda Thermal Power Limited

16. Which wind brings major rainfall in Odisha?

- a) Northwest monsoon
- b) Southwest monsoon
- c) Westerly jet stream
- d) Eastern monsoon winds

17. Which is the second longest river in Odisha?

- a) Baitarani
- b) Brahmani
- c) Budhabalanga
- d) Rushikulya

18. Which of the following soils covers the largest area of Odisha?

- a) Red Soil
- b) Black Soil
- c) Alluvial Soil
- d) Yellow Soil

19. Which District has recorded the highest Sex Ratio in Odisha as per census 2011?

- a) Sundargarh

- b) Rayagada
- c) Kalahandi
- d) Bhadrak

20. Four Districts with highest area (as calculated by Survey of India) in Odisha in descending order are:

- a) Mayurbhanj, Sundargarh, Koraput, Keonjhar
- b) Mayurbhanj, Sundargarh, Koraput, Ganjam
- c) Mayurbhanj, Kandhamal, Sundargarh, Koraput
- d) Sundargarh, Mayurbhanj, Keonjhar, Koraput

### History of India, History of Odisha, Art & Culture with special reference to Odisha

21. Which one of the following animals is not found on the seals and terracottas of Harappan culture?

- a) Cow
- b) Tiger
- c) Elephant
- d) Rhinoceros

22. The word 'Satyameva Jayate' in the state emblem of India has been adopted from:

- a) Brihadaranyaka Upanishad
- b) Mundaka Upanishad
- c) Mudgala Upanishad
- d) Maitreya Upanishad

23. Who was the founder of Gajapati Dynasty in Odisha?

- a) Purushottama Deva
- b) Kapilendra Deva
- c) Prataparudra Deva
- d) Mukunda Deva

24. Who built Jagannath Temple at Puri?

- a) Narasingha Deva
- b) Chodaganga Deva
- c) Jajati Keshari
- d) Anangabhimha Deva



25. Who was the first to build the Barabati Fort at Cuttack?
- Chodaganga Deva
  - Anangabhimha Deva – III
  - Narasingha Deva – I
  - Bhanudeva – II
26. Who invited Gandhiji to visit Odisha in 1921?
- Gopabandhu Das
  - Godabarish Mishra
  - Madhusudan Das
  - Krupasindhu Mishra
27. Which of the following was the first Odia Daily Newspaper?
- Nabajagarana
  - Dainik Asha
  - Utkal Deepika
  - Prajatantra
28. Which inscription depicts the horrors of Kalinga war?
- Rock Edict – XI
  - Rock Edict – XII
  - Rock Edict – XIII
  - Separate Rock Edict – I
29. In which year was the High Court established at Cuttack?
- 1930
  - 1939
  - 1948
  - 1950
30. When was the official Language Act passed in Legislature of the state of Odisha to introduce Odia in official work?
- 1936
  - 1939
  - 1947
  - 1954
31. In which year did Ghumsur Rebellion take place?
- 1835
  - 1845
  - 1825
  - 1855
32. In which year did Paik Rebellion take place in Khurda?
- 1807
  - 1817
  - 1827
  - 1837
33. When was the newspaper, "The Oriya" started under the editorship of Madhusudan Das for unification of Odia speaking tracts?
- 1915
  - 1917
  - 1919
  - 1921
34. Freedom fighter Dibakar Parida and Raghunath Mohanty were the martyrs of Prajamandal agitation at this place. Name the Princely State?
- Talcher
  - Ranpur
  - Ganjam
  - Athagarh
35. He was a tribal leader from Malkangiri, who fought against colonial rule. He was arrested on false charge of killing a Forest Guard and was executed in 1943. Name him?
- Saheed Laxman Nayak
  - Ratna Naik
  - Dora Bisoi
  - Buxi Jagabandhu
36. Which of the following book was not written by Adikabi Sarala Das?
- Mahabharata
  - Chandi Purana
  - Odia Bhagabata

d) Bilanka Ramayana

37. Who among the following was not one of the Panchasakha?

- a) Sarala Das
- b) Jagannath Das
- c) Balarama Das
- d) Achyutananda Das

38. When did Hiuen Tsang, the Chinese traveller, visit Odisha?

- a) 608 AD
- b) 638 AD
- c) 668 AD
- d) 698 AD

39. Who was the author of Panchatantra?

- a) Kalidas
- b) Vishnu Sharma
- c) Panini
- d) Visakhadatta

40. Earliest specimen of Odishan sculpture is:

- a) Rock – Cut Elephant at Dhauri
- b) Figure of Khandagiri & Udayagiri Jain Caves
- c) Chausath Yogini sculpture at Hirapur
- d) Buddhist art in monasteries of Lalitgiri, Udayagiri, Ratnagiri

**General issues of Environment and Climate Change**

41. When is “World Environment Day” observed?

- a) 5<sup>th</sup> June
- b) 29<sup>th</sup> July
- c) 5<sup>th</sup> January
- d) 2<sup>nd</sup> February

42. When is “World Ozone Day” observed?

- a) 16<sup>th</sup> September
- b) 22<sup>nd</sup> September
- c) 6<sup>th</sup> October
- d) 23<sup>rd</sup> October

43. How much was increase in forest and tree cover in Odisha as per “India State of Forest Report 2023”, compared to earlier (17<sup>th</sup>) India State of Forest Report?

- a) 683.62 Sq. KM
- b) 559.19 Sq. KM
- c) 558.57 Sq. KM
- d) 396.46 Sq. KM

44. As per “India State of Forest Report 2023”, what percentage of geographical area of India is under Forest and tree cover?

- a) 23.17
- b) 33.17
- c) 20.17
- d) 25.17

45. As per “India State of Forest Report 2023”, which district of Odisha is assessed to have highest(in terms of area) forest cover in Odisha?

- a) Kandhamal
- b) Sundargarh
- c) Mayurbhanj
- d) Sambalpur

46. As per “India State of Forest Report 2023”, what percentage of Geographical Area of Odisha has forest cover?

- a) 33.67
- b) 32.67
- c) 31.67
- d) 30.67

47. As per “India State of Forest Report 2023”, as compared to last assessment of 2021, the present Forest and Tree Cover of the country:

- a) Has increased
- b) Has declined
- c) Has remained the same
- d) Can't be assessed



48. Which of the following is true about international flow of funds for climate action?
- International flow of funds is highly inadequate and are biased in favour of mitigation
  - International flow of funds is highly inadequate and biased in favour of adaptation
  - International flow of funds is adequate but biased in favour of mitigation
  - International flow of funds is adequate but biased in favour of adaptation
49. Against updated NDC target of 50% by 2030, installed electricity generation capacity from non-fossil fuel sources has reached what percent by 30<sup>th</sup> November, 2024 (as per economic survey 2024-25) ?
- 40.6
  - 42.8
  - 44.8
  - 46.8
50. India achieved a historic milestone in installed solar power capacity in January, 2025. What was the landmark?
- Installed solar power capacity of 50 GW
  - Installed solar power capacity of 75 GW
  - Installed solar power capacity of 100 GW
  - Installed solar power capacity of 200 GW
51. Under Odisha State Action Plan on Climate Change, how much is envisaged expenditure?
- 2.45 Lakh Crore
  - 3.45 Lakh Crore
  - 4.45 Lakh Crore
  - 1.45 Lakh Crore
52. India's per capita carbon emission are what proportion of Global average?
- Approximately half
  - Approximately one third
  - Approximately one fourth
  - Approximately one fifth
53. COP 29 held in Baku, Azerbaijan was designated as?
- Finance COP
  - Technology COP
  - COP for Climate Action
  - COP for Environmental Issues
54. What was the fund mobilization target, agreed at COP 29, annually by 2035?
- USD 300 billion
  - USD 100 billion
  - USD 500 billion
  - USD 900 billion
55. As per Global Climate Risk Index, India is among the 10 most affected countries (in 2019). What was India's rank?
- 6<sup>th</sup>
  - 7<sup>th</sup>
  - 8<sup>th</sup>
  - 5<sup>th</sup>
56. How many missions have been launched so far under National Action Plan on Climate Change?
- 5
  - 7
  - 9
  - 8
57. A study by Conservation International has identified 34 "Biodiversity Hotspots". How many of them are located in India?
- 2
  - 4
  - 6

d) 8

58. Into how many Bio-geographic zone is India divided?

- a) 8
- b) 10
- c) 12
- d) 14

59. The main reservoir of nitrogen in the biosphere is the:

- a) Atmosphere
- b) Rocks
- c) Oceans
- d) Organisms

60. What is the total number of Biosphere Reserves in India?

- a) 12
- b) 14
- c) 16
- d) 18

### Indian Constitution

61. Which among the following is not a part of Article 19 of the Constitution of India?

- a) Freedom of speech and expression
- b) Freedom to assemble peacefully and without arms
- c) Freedom to form associations or unions
- d) Equality of opportunity in matters of public employment

62. "No person shall be prosecuted and punished for the same offence more than once". Which article of the Indian Constitution contains this sentence ?

- a) Article 20
- b) Article 19
- c) Article 21
- d) Article 14

63. There was a discussion in the classroom about Right to Property in the Indian Constitution; Following is the viewpoint of different students. Which one is correct?

- a) Right to Property is a Statutory Right but not a Constitutional Right
- b) Right to Property is a Fundamental Right
- c) There is no Right to Property
- d) Right to Property is a Constitutional Right but not a Fundamental Right

64. Which one among the following is not a Fundamental Duty as enumerated in Article 51(A) of the Indian Constitution?

- a) To uphold and protect the sovereignty, unity and integrity of India
- b) To value and preserve the rich heritage of our composite culture
- c) To safeguard public property and to abjure violence
- d) To respect elders

65. Which among the following is not a Directive Principles of State Policy listed in the Indian Constitution?

- a) Equal justice and free legal aid
- b) Organisation of village panchayats
- c) Participation of workers in management of industries
- d) Promotion of sports, especially among the youth

66. Under which list of the Seventh Schedule of the Indian Constitution is the subject "Price Control" listed ?

- a) Union list
- b) State list
- c) Concurrent list
- d) None of the above

67. Under which list of the Seventh Schedule of the Indian Constitution is the subject "Police" listed?



- a) Union list
- b) State list
- c) Concurrent list
- d) None of the above

68. Under which list of the Seventh Schedule of the Indian Constitution is the subject "Agriculture" listed?

- a) Union list
- b) State list
- c) Concurrent list
- d) None of the above

69. Which among the following is a correct statement about number of ministers in a state government?

- a) Constitution prescribes that number of ministers including CM in council of ministers shall not exceed 15% of total number of MLAs of the state
- b) Constitution prescribes that number of ministers including CM in council of ministers shall not exceed 10% of total number of MLAs of the state
- c) Constitution prescribes that number of ministers including CM in council of ministers shall not exceed 20% of total number of MLAs of the state
- d) There is no such provision in the constitution but some conventions are followed

70. Which among the following is not correct about Advocate General?

- a) He is appointed by Governor
- b) He should be qualified to be appointed as a Judge of the High Court
- c) He can address the Legislative Assembly of the State when he desires
- d) He advises the state government on legal matters

71. Which among the following is true about a speech given by members in Parliament / State Legislative Assembly?

- a) He can be prosecuted if his speech violates a law
- b) Defamation case can be filed against him
- c) Civil case can be filed for compensation
- d) He is protected from all civil and criminal action for his speech in Parliament / Legislative Assembly

72. Which among the following is not correct about Original Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court of India? Original Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court extend:

- a) To dispute between the Government of India and one or more States
- b) To dispute between the Government of India and any State or States on one side and one or more States on the other
- c) To dispute between two or more states
- d) To dispute between Government of India and neighboring countries

73. Which of the following is not true about Money Bill?

- a) Money Bill can be introduced only in Lok Sabha
- b) Speaker of Lok Sabha certifies a bill to be a Money Bill
- c) Money Bill need not be sent to Rajya Sabha
- d) If Money Bill passed by Lok Sabha and sent to Rajya Sabha is not returned by Rajya Sabha within 14 days with its recommendations, it shall be deemed to have been passed by both the houses

74. What does Article 311 of the Indian Constitution deal with ?

- a) All India Services
- b) Public Service Commission
- c) Election Commission

- d) Dismissal, removal or reduction in rank of persons employed in civil capacities under the Union or a State

75. As per Article 22(2) of the Indian Constitution every person who is arrested and detained in custody shall be produced before the nearest magistrate (excluding journey time):

- a) Within 24 hours
- b) Within 48 hours
- c) Within 12 hours
- d) Within 36 hours

76. Which of the following is not correct about article 22(1) of the Indian Constitution?

- a) It is applicable about arrested persons
- b) Arrested persons shall be informed of the grounds for such arrest
- c) Arrested persons shall not be denied the right to consult and to be defended by a legal practitioner of his/her choice
- d) Arrested persons must be granted bail in minor cases

77. Article 15 of the Indian Constitution prohibits State from discriminating against any citizen on any of the specified grounds. Which among the following is not one of them ?

- a) Religion
- b) Caste
- c) Special orientation
- d) Sex

78. Which among the following is the correct version of Article 14 of the Indian Constitution ?

- a) The State shall not deny to any person equality before the law or the equal protection of the laws within the territory of India

- b) The State shall not deny to any citizen equality before the law or the equal protection of the laws within the territory of India
- c) The State shall not deny to any resident equality before the law or the equal protection of the laws within the territory of India
- d) The State shall not deny to any person equality before the law or the equal protection of the laws anywhere

79. The authorization for withdrawal of funds from the consolidated fund of India must come from:

- a) The President of India
- b) The Parliament
- c) The Prime Minister
- d) The Finance Minister

80. What is the composition of Electoral College for election of Vice President of India?

- a) All members of Lok Sabha
- b) All members of Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha
- c) All members of Lok Sabha, Rajya Sabha and State Legislative Assemblies
- d) Only Elected Members of Lok Sabha

### **Indian Economy, Odisha Economy & Budget**

81. India is called a mixed economy because:

- a) Both agriculture and industry are equally promoted by the state
- b) Economy is controlled by military as well as civilian rulers
- c) There is small-scale industries along with heavy industries
- d) There is co-existence of public sector along with private sector

82. Which of the following is an example of Social Infrastructure?

- a) Airport
- b) Bridge
- c) School
- d) Highway

83. Which of the following are benefits of crop rotation in India?



- i. Increased soil fertility
  - ii. More reliance on pesticides
  - iii. Improved crop yield
  - iv. Water use efficiency
  - a) (i) and (ii)
  - b) (i), (iii) and (iv)
  - c) (ii), (iii) and (iv)
  - d) (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv)
84. Which of the following items is not usually exported from India?
- a) Tea
  - b) Gems and Jewellery
  - c) Textiles
  - d) Raw wool
85. Which of the following statements best describes the Labour Force?
- a) People who are currently employed
  - b) People who are seeking jobs
  - c) Both people who are working and those who are seeking jobs
  - d) People in formal jobs
86. As per the United Nations Population Fund, the demographic dividend in India is the economic growth resulting out of changing population age structure with a large section of people in the working-age group of:
- a) 15 to 64 years
  - b) 14 to 59 years
  - c) 15 to 59 years
  - d) 14 to 64 years
87. The Union budget presented to the parliament for 2025-26 shows the defence expenditure to be:
- a) 4 % of the budget
  - b) 8 % of the budget
  - c) 3 % of the budget
  - d) 5 % of the budget
88. The fiscal deficit is estimated to be what percent of GDP as per budget of the

government of India for the year 2025-26?

- a) 5.4 %
  - b) 4.4 %
  - c) 4.6 %
  - d) 3.2 %
89. The average monthly per capita consumption expenditure of rural Odisha in 2023-24 was:
- a) Rs. 4253
  - b) Rs. 4122
  - c) Rs. 4325
  - d) Rs. 2848
90. As per NITI Ayog's first Fiscal Health Index Report 2022-23, the rank of Odisha among the 18 major states is:
- a) Third
  - b) Second
  - c) First
  - d) Fifth
91. The Planning Commission of India has defined the poverty line on the basis of recommended nutritional requirement of how many calories per person per day for rural areas?
- a) 2100
  - b) 2400
  - c) 2500
  - d) 2300
92. Which of the following statements is true about the budget?
- Statement – 1: It is a financial statement for a future period, setting out proposed expenditure and means of financing.
- Statement – 2: Article 112 of the Indian Constitution requires the Government to present to Parliament a statement of estimated receipts and expenditure in respect of every financial year.

- a) Statement 1 only
- b) Statement 2 only
- c) Both Statement 1 and Statement 2
- d) Neither Statement 1 nor Statement 2

- b) 6.8%
- c) 6.0%
- d) 7.2%

93. Female labour force participation rate of Odisha in 2017-18 was 21.6%. What was the female labour force participation rate in 2023-24 (as per Economic Survey, 2024-2025)?

- a) 25.4
- b) 30.3
- c) 35.4
- d) 53.5

94. In Union Budget 2025-26, for Defence, provision has been made of:

- a) 4,91,732 crores
- b) 2,66,817 crores
- c) 2,33,211 crores
- d) 3,91,727 crores

95. In Union Budget 2025-26, provision has been made for Rural Development of:

- a) 2,66,817 crores
- b) 2,33,211 crores
- c) 1,71,437 crores
- d) 1,28,650 crores

96. Per capita Income of Odisha was 76% of India's per capita income in 2011-12, and 78% of India's per capita income in 2018-19. What was the corresponding percentage in 2024-25?

- a) 89%
- b) 91%
- c) 87%
- d) 85%

97. GDP growth rate of India was 6.4% for 2024-25 (AE) at constant prices, what was the GSDP growth rate of Odisha for the same period?

- a) 6.4%

98. As per Economic Survey of Odisha 2024-25, Odisha economy size has increased by 10% in 2024-25 to reach:

- a) 7.5 lakh crore rupees
- b) 8.5 lakh crore rupees
- c) 9.5 lakh crore rupees
- d) 10.5 lakh crore rupees

99. In Odisha Budget Estimate for 2025-26, among the following departments who had the highest provision of funds?

- a) Health and Family Welfare Department
- b) School and Mass Education Department
- c) Panchayatiraj & Drinking Water Department
- d) Department of Women and Child Development

100. In Odisha Budget Estimate for 2025-26, which among the following department had provision for more than 14,000 crores?

- a) Home Department
- b) Works Department
- c) Higher Education Department
- d) Department of Agriculture & Farmers Welfare